UCITS covered by European Directive 2009/65/EC and Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017

Prospectus

The shares or units of the UCITS mentioned below (“the Fund”) have not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions), to US persons, as defined in Regulation S (“US persons”).

(The shares or units of the fund mentioned herein ("the Fund") have not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 and may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions), to US persons, as defined in Regulation S ("US persons")).

1. General characteristics **2**

2. Participants **3**

3. Operating and management procedures **3**

3.1 General characteristics 3

3.2 Specific provisions 4

4. Business information **18**

5. Investment rules **18**

6. Overall risk **18**

7. Rules for asset valuation and accounting **18**

8. Remuneration **19**

1. General characteristics

Name:

GROUPAMA TRESORERIE

Legal form and Member State of constitution of the UCITS:

FCP under French law.

Creation date and intended duration:

10 October 1989.

This UCITS was initially created for a duration of 99 years.

Summary of the management offer:

Units	ISIN code	Subscribers concerned	Allocation of distributable amounts	Base currency	Minimum initial subscription amount	Original net asset value
E1C unit	FR001400JH22	Reserved for subscribers via company savings and retirement schemes	Accumulation	Euro	1,000th unit	€100
F2D unit	FR0014006EB1	Reserved for feeder FCPEs managed by Groupama Asset Management or its subsidiaries and belonging to the Savings & Retirement ranges	Distribution and/or carry-forward	Euro	€150,000	€100
IC unit (1)	FR0000989626	Open to all subscribers	Accumulation	Euro	1,000th unit	€15,244.90
ID unit	FR0011375567	Open to all subscribers	Distribution and/or carry-forward	Euro	1,000th unit	€10,000
NC unit:	FR0013314234	Open to all subscribers	Accumulation	Euro (hedged)	1,000th unit	€100
PC unit	FR0013065299	Open to all subscribers, especially institutional investors and large corporates	Accumulation	Euro	€100,000,000	€100,000
RC unit	FR0013296332	Reserved for investors subscribing via distributors or intermediaries providing an advisory service within the meaning of European MiFID II regulations, individual portfolio management under mandate and when they are exclusively remunerated by their clients	Accumulation	Euro (hedged)	1,000th unit	€500
ZC unit (2)	FR0010875237	Reserved for Institutional Investors, including insurance companies marketing life insurance contracts	Accumulation	Euro	1,000th unit	€1,000

(1) Includes all unit holders who subscribed to the FCP before the creation of the unit classes.

(2) includes all subscriptions made before 16/07/2017.

(3) The minimum initial subscription amount does not apply to Groupama Group entities.

As of 24/06/2024, the names of the units will change:

- E1 will become E1C
- F2 will become F2D
- N will become NC
- P will become PC
- R will become RC
- M will become ZC

Details of where to obtain the FCP regulations, the latest annual report, and the latest periodic statement if not attached:

The latest annual documents, as well as the composition of assets, are sent within eight business days upon written request from the unit holder to:

Groupama Asset Management, 25 rue de la Ville l'Evêque 75008 Paris - France.

These documents are also available on the www.groupama-am.com website.

Contact:

- For legal entities: Groupama Asset Management Development Department (Commercial secretariat: 01 44 56 76 76).
- For individuals: your distributor (Groupama Assurances Mutuelles distribution networks; external distributors approved by Groupama Asset Management).

Any additional information can be obtained if necessary from the Development Department of Groupama Asset Management (Commercial Secretariat: 01 44 56 76 76).

2. Participants

Management Company

Groupama Asset Management (Société Anonyme), 25, rue de la Ville l'Évêque - 75008 Paris - France, Management Company authorised by the Commission des opérations de bourse (now the Autorité des marchés financiers) under number GP 93-02 on 5 January 1993.

Policy on managing conflicts of interest:

To identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest that may arise from delegations, the Management Company has implemented a conflict-of-interest management policy, which is available from your usual contact or on the Management Company's website: www.groupama-am.com.

Depositary - Custodian

CACEIS BANK, société anonyme, a credit institution authorised by the CECEI (now the ACPR) on 1 April 2005, whose registered office is at 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri – 92120 Montrouge - France.

The duties of the Depositary cover the tasks, as defined by the applicable regulations, of safekeeping the assets, checking the regularity of the decisions of the Management Company and monitoring the cash flows of the UCIs.

The depositary is independent of the Management Company.

A description of the custody functions delegated, a list of CACEIS Bank's delegates and sub-delegates and information on conflicts of interest that may arise from these delegations are available on the CACEIS website: www.caceis.com.

Updated information is available to investors.

Centralising agent for subscriptions/redemptions:

- **Groupama Asset Management** for units to be registered or held in pure registered form.

Once these orders have been collected, Groupama Asset Management will send them to CACEIS Bank in its capacity as affiliate of Euroclear France.

- By delegation of the Management Company, **CACEIS Bank**, for units to be registered or registered in bearer or administered registered form.

Establishment designated to receive subscriptions and redemptions, and responsible for ensuring compliance with the centralisation cut-off time indicated in the prospectus, by delegation from the management

CACEIS BANK

Liabilities maintenance:

CACEIS Bank is responsible for maintaining the UCI's liabilities, which includes centralising subscription and redemption orders for UCI units and processing these orders in conjunction with Euroclear France, with which the UCI is admitted, as well as maintaining the issue account for UCI units to be registered or recorded in bearer or administered registered form.

Statutory Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, 63 rue de Villiers – 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine - France.

Accounting delegate:

CACEIS FUND ADMINISTRATION 89-91 rue Gabriel Péri - 92120 Montrouge - France, a credit institution authorised by the CECEI (now the ACPR - Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution) on 1 April 2005.

3. Operating and management procedures

3.1 General characteristics

Unit characteristics:

Nature of the rights attached to the unit category:

Each unit holder has a co-ownership right to the assets of the UCITS proportional to the number of units held.

Entry in a register or details of how liabilities are maintained:

Liabilities are maintained by the depositary, CACEIS Bank, for the registered and bearer shares as well as for the units already registered in pure registered form as of 11/07/2018.

Liabilities are maintained by Groupama AM for new units to be registered from 11/07/2018 in pure registered form.

Units are administered by Euroclear France.

Voting rights:

There are no voting rights attached to units, as decisions are taken by the Management Company.

Form of units:

Units are held in registered and/or bearer form.

Decimalisation:

Redemptions may be made in amounts or in 10,000ths of a unit for IC, ID and F2D units and in amounts or in 1,000ths of a unit for E1C, ZC, NC, PC and RC units.

Closing date:

Last day of trading on the Paris stock exchange in September.

The first financial year ended on the last trading day of March 1991.

Tax system:

The UCITS is not subject to corporate tax. Under the transparency principle, the tax authorities consider that the holder directly owns a fraction of the financial instruments and cash held in the UCITS.

The tax treatment of any capital gains and income linked to the holding of units in the UCITS depends on the tax provisions applicable to the investor's particular situation and/or the jurisdiction from which the investor invests his funds. We advise you to seek advice from your local council.

Under French tax rules, switching from one unit category to another is treated as a sale that may be subject to capital gains tax.

3.2 Specific provisions

ISIN Codes:

E1C unit	:	FR001400JH22
F2D unit	:	FR0014006EB1
IC unit:	:	FR0000989626
ID unit	:	FR0011375567
NC unit:	:	FR0013314234
PC unit	:	FR0013065299
RC unit	:	FR0013296332
ZC unit	:	FR0010875237

AMF classification: standard money market fund with variable net asset value

Date of MMF approval: 23/04/2019

SFDR Classification:

This UCITS is a financial product promoting environmental or social characteristics, or a combination of these characteristics, in accordance with Article 8 of the SFDR.

Investment in UCIs: up to 10% of its net assets.

Management Objective:

The product's management objective is, through active management, to seek to achieve a return over the recommended investment period, a minimum of 3 months, which is slightly higher than money market rates, after deduction of management fees. This objective will be achieved through management that promotes the sustainability of issuers by analysing the ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) characteristics of the securities held in the portfolio. In the event of very low money market interest rates, the return generated by the fund would not be sufficient to cover management fees and the net asset value of the fund would decline structurally.

Benchmark:

The benchmark index is the ESTER capitalised index.

ESTER (European Short-Term Rate) is the benchmark interbank overnight interest rate in the Eurozone. It is calculated by the European Central Bank.

The UCITS does not seek to replicate the benchmark, but to generate a performance surplus. The performance of the benchmark may also differ from that of the UCITS. Nevertheless, the UCITS' market risk is comparable to that of its benchmark index.

Investment strategy:

The fund's investment universe is composed of private and sovereign issuers from OECD countries, i.e. nearly 2,600 issuers, including approximately 2,300 private issuers.

Description of the strategies used

- Specific strategies of the UCITS:
  The main sources of possible performance are:
  - Credit sensitivity, which is determined, among other things, based on our analysis of changes in risk premiums, the slope of the yield curve, and expectations of intervention by central banks.
  - Interest rate sensitivity resulting, among other things, from our analysis of central bank monetary policy and changes in short-term interest rate indices.
  - Geographical allocation, based mainly on the conclusions of internal committees.

- Asset portfolio construction strategy:
The strategy implemented aims to achieve a net return after management fees that exceeds that of the ESTER index capitalised over the recommended investment period.
It is implemented by combining the traditional financial approach with the integration of non-financial investment criteria.
The UCITS' strategy is based on an analysis of the monetary environment, combining top-down and bottom-up approaches.
The top-down approach focuses on analysing major macroeconomic and political trends and their impact on central banks' monetary policy decisions, as well as changes in the regulatory framework governing the UCITS investment universe.
The bottom-up approach, meanwhile, makes it possible to identify opportunities or risks specific to certain sectors or issuers.
The UCITS' investments are limited to debt securities with a maximum maturity of 2 years issued by issuers deemed to be of high credit quality by our Monetary Committee. This committee is headed by the Financial Risk and Performance Department, which authorises or prohibits issuers in complete independence from Management, based in particular on the recommendations of our Research Department.
The investment universe selected is that of bonds issued by private, public and quasi-public issuers in OECD countries, representing nearly 2,600 issuers, including approximately 2,300 private issuers. The types of issuers permitted are as follows:
  - o Issues of sovereign states.
  - o Supranational issues.
  - o Issues by agencies backed by a government or quasi-public guarantee.
  - o Private issues.

The selection of issuers included in the portfolio by the manager is based on its own analysis, which may include the expertise of the internal credit analysis team to assess issuer risk in the portfolio and credit quality ratings issued by external entities.

Incorporation of ESG criteria:
As this is an “SRI” UCITS, the non-financial analysis applied to the UCITS takes into account criteria relating to each of the Environmental, Social and Governance factors. The UCITS endeavours to select the issuers with the best non-financial ratings in the investment universe (best-in-universe approach).
ESG criteria are analysed using a range of indicators, including:
- o Environment: biodiversity, waste management, etc.;
- o Social: employee training, supplier relations, etc.;
- o Governance: board independence, executive remuneration policies, etc.

ESG criteria are considered in the portfolio management process, adhering to the following requirements:
1. Exclusions at the level of the management company:
i. Application of sector exclusions on controversial weapons and fossil fuels in accordance with Groupama AM’s exclusion policies, available on the Groupama AM website.

ii. Exclusions of issuers from the List of Major ESG Risks: issuers identified as presenting poor governance or significant sustainability risks that could jeopardise their economic and financial viability or could have a significant impact on the value of the company and therefore lead to a significant loss of market value or a significant downgrade by the rating agencies.
For securities issued by these entities:
- Investments in securities issued by these companies with a maturity of more than 1 year are excluded from the UCITS.
- Investments are permitted in securities with a maturity of less than 1 year, issued by companies deemed to be of high credit quality by our Monetary Committee.

iii. Application of normative exclusions relating to tax non-cooperation, corruption and money laundering in accordance with Groupama AM's AML-CTF (anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing) policy.

2. Exclusions specific to the portfolio:
i. The portfolio applies the SRI Label (V3) exclusions relating to tobacco, fossil fuels (thermal coal, new developers, electricity producers), issuers suspected of serious and/or repeated violations of one or more principles of the UN Global Compact. For further information, please refer to Article 10 SFDR of the portfolio available on the Groupama Asset Management website.
ii. Application of regulatory exclusions on tax non-cooperation, corruption and money laundering in accordance with Regulation V3 of the SRI Label.
iii. Exclusions from the Climate Transition Benchmark (CTB) pursuant to ESMA guidance on fund names containing terms related to environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria or sustainability (ESMA 34-1592494965-657). Issuers operating in the tobacco sector, controversial weapons sector and issuers suspected of serious and/or repeated violations of one or more principles of the UN Global Compact are excluded.

3. Sustainability indicators

i. The securities in the portfolio have a minimum ESG rating coverage and monitoring rate of 90% of the portfolio, excluding cash, UCI money market funds and derivatives.

ii. The average ESG rating of the portfolio must be significantly higher than that of its investment universe: the weighted average ESG rating of the portfolio will be higher than the average ESG rating of the investment universe after eliminating 25% (30% from 01/01/2026) of the lower-rated values on the basis of the ESG rating and all the exclusions applied by the fund. The securities in the portfolio have a minimum ESG rating coverage and monitoring rate of 90% of the portfolio, excluding cash, derivatives and money market funds.

iii. Minimum sustainable investment content of 20%, in line with the definition of sustainable investment given above.

iv. The UCITS must also outperform its investment universe on the following two ESG indicators:

- Carbon intensity: the UCITS incorporates carbon intensity into its management objective and the implementation of its investment strategy. This indicator corresponds to the quantity of greenhouse gas emissions produced by the companies benefiting from the investments. It is expressed in tonnes of CO2 equivalent per million euros of turnover.
- Gender diversity within governance bodies: the UCITS incorporates gender diversity within its governance bodies into its management objective and the implementation of its investment strategy. The objective of the financial product is to achieve a higher indicator than that of its investment universe. The result of the selection of securities in the portfolio should give rise to a coverage ratio, excluding cash, derivatives and money market funds, of at least 55% of the portfolio by the end of 2025 and then 60% by the end of 2026.

the portfolio meets the minimum threshold of ESG analysis required, in accordance with ESMA guidance on fund names containing terms related to environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria or sustainability (ESMA 34-1592494965-657).

- Methodological limitations:

The ESG approach developed by Groupama Asset Management is based on a quantitative and qualitative analysis of the environmental, social, and governance practices of the securities in which it invests. The main limitation of this analysis lies in the quality of the available information. ESG data is not yet standardised, and the analysis ultimately depends on qualitative and quantitative data provided by the companies themselves, which may still be incomplete and heterogeneous. To address this limitation, Groupama Asset Management focuses its analysis on the most material aspects of the sectors and companies it reviews. For more detailed information on the rating methodology used by the UCITS and its limitations, investors are invited to refer to Groupama Asset Management's ESG methodology, available on the website www.groupama-am.com.

Consideration of the European Taxonomy:

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and Council of 18 June 2020, establishing a framework to facilitate sustainable investments and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (the "**European Taxonomy**" or "**Taxonomy Regulation**"), aims to identify economic activities considered environmentally sustainable. The Taxonomy identifies these activities based on their contribution to six main environmental objectives:

- Climate change mitigation.
- Climate change adaptation.
- Sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources.
- Transition to a circular economy (waste prevention and recycling).
- Pollution prevention and reduction.
- Protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems.

To be considered sustainable, an economic activity must demonstrate that it contributes substantially to the achievement of one of the six objectives, while not harming any of the other five (the principle of "do no significant harm", defined below as the "**DNSH**" principle). The principle of "do no significant harm" only applies to investments underlying the financial product that take into account the European Union's criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. For an activity to align with the European Taxonomy, it must also respect human and social rights guaranteed under international law.

The management team endeavours to consider the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852 in its investment decisions. Based on currently available issuer data, the minimum alignment percentage with the European Taxonomy is 0%.

The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

- Management style adopted:
  The UCITS adopts an active management style in order to outperform its benchmark index.

Information relating to the credit quality assessment procedure

- Description of the scope of the procedure
  Groupama AM has implemented a credit quality assessment system, governed by a procedure. These provisions ensure that money market funds invest in money market instruments, securitisations and Asset Backed Commercial Paper (ABCP) with a positive credit rating.
  This procedure applies to money market instruments issued by private organisations as well as by sovereign, quasi-sovereign or supranational entities.

- Description of the methodology and participants
  The credit quality assessment is carried out independently by the Monetary Committee. This committee, established within the management company, is made up of representatives from Monetary Management, Internal Research and Financial Risk Management. The chairship of this committee is held by a member of the Risk Management Department who, based on the various contributions produced, makes a decision on credit quality.
  Credit quality assessment is carried out on the basis of a documented proprietary methodology, validated by the management of the Management Company, applied on an ongoing basis and reviewed at least annually. This methodology is documented in a detailed procedure, compliance with which is included in the Permanent Control Plan.
  The Monetary Committee is responsible for monitoring issuers as long as the value is invested or Management expresses a need to do so. A review of the credit quality of issuers is carried out at least once a year. In addition, Groupama Asset Management will continuously monitor agency ratings. If an issuer's rating is downgraded by more than two short-term credit ratings, this will trigger an internal reassessment of credit quality, which may potentially result in the initial positive rating being maintained.
  Credit quality assessment is systematic and consistent, drawing on input from Management, Internal Research and the Financial Risk and Performance Department. It is structured according to the following steps:
  Step one: When the management wishes to invest in a new issuer, it produces a valuation request for the Monetary Committee. This request details the instrument concerned and may include, among other things, an initial analysis of the opinion of the credit rating agencies.

  Step two: Internal Research produces a fundamental analysis of the issuer and/or guarantor. This analysis is structured by specific criteria evolving according to the type of issuer, for example:

Banks	Non-financial companies
Competitive positioning	
Profitability	
Growth	
Financial strength	
Liquidity	
Event risk	
Governance	
HR	
Social factors	
Environment	
Asset quality	Equity/Balance sheet
CET 1	Goodwill
Leverage ratio	Debt structure
Long-term refi	Off-balance sheet
Short-term refi	Pension fund

Other criteria may also be considered, such as macroeconomic factors, agency ratings and transformative operations (acquisitions, mergers, disposals).

Based on this information, Internal Research drafts a study and issues a recommendation with a short-term outlook and, in most cases, a long-term outlook as well.

Step three: The Financial Risk and Performance Department, independent of the management, provides a quantitative analysis based on the probabilities of default of a comparable universe.

Final step: Based on all the information provided by the various contributors, a summary sheet is drawn up by a member of the Financial Risk & Performance Department who is also a member of the Monetary Committee, which makes an independent decision on the credit quality rating.

When credit quality is sufficient, the issuer becomes eligible for money market portfolios and the Management tool is configured to allow investment.

- Description of the framework of the review
  The credit quality assessment procedure will be reviewed annually. This review will mainly consist of verifying the relevance of the evaluation criteria selected and the methodology defined previously.
  Regardless of the changes adopted, this review will be subject to a procedure update and approval by senior management.
  However, this procedure may be reviewed at any time depending on specific events, such as macroeconomic conditions, changes in information sources, etc. This review would aim to redefine the assessment criteria or other elements and would result in an update of the procedure and its validation by senior management. The relevance of applying this new methodology to certain pre-existing ratings will be examined based on the outstanding amounts concerned.

Assets, excluding embedded derivatives

- Debt securities and money market instruments:
  The UCITS' assets are invested in bond and money market instruments issued by OECD member countries, which are analysed as being of high credit quality by the management company, and in deposits made with credit institutions that meet the following criteria:

Maximum Weighted Average Life [1]	12 months
Maximum Weighted Average Maturity [2]	6 months
Maximum residual life of securities and instruments	2 years
Instrument rating	Eligible assets must be assessed as being of high credit quality by the management company.

If the management company's analysis of a security's credit risk leads to a downgrade in its credit quality, the management company may decide to sell that security under the best possible conditions in the interests of the holders.

The overall sensitivity of the portfolio is between 0 and 0.5.

- Legal nature of the instruments used:
  The assets of the UCITS are composed of:
  - Fixed-rate or floating-rate negotiable debt securities (NDS);
    Short-term marketable securities,
    Euro Commercial Paper,
    BTFs – Fixed-rate treasury bills,
    Medium-term negotiable securities with maturities suited to the recommended investment horizon.
  - Fixed-rate bonds with a residual maturity of 397 days or less,
  - Variable-rate bonds or fixed-rate bonds covered by a swap agreement that can be revised within a maximum period of 397 days with a residual maturity of less than or equal to 2 years.
  - Securitisations and Asset Backed Commercial Paper (ABCP).

  The UCITS may invest in securities denominated in currencies other than the euro, but it will not be exposed to currency risk, as this will be fully hedged through the use of financial futures instruments.

- Private/public debt distribution
  The UCITS may be invested in private and public sector securities.
  By way of derogation, the UCITS may invest beyond the regulatory limit of 5% of its net assets and invest up to 100% of its assets in money market instruments, securitisations and ABCP issued or guaranteed individually or jointly by:
  - The European Union;
  - National administrations (countries or state agencies such as the Republic of Singapore or the Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale – CADES), regional administrations (such as the 18 regions or 101 departments of France) or local administrations (such as the Société du Grand Paris, Rennes Métropole and the City of Stockholm) of European Union Member States or their central banks;
  - The European Central Bank;
  - The European Investment Bank;
  - The European Investment Fund;
  - The European Stability Mechanism;
  - The European Financial Stability Facility;
  - A central authority or the central bank of an OECD member country (United States, United Kingdom, Switzerland, Canada, etc.) such as the United States Federal Reserve (Fed);

[1] Weighted Average Life (WAL) Weighted average of the remaining life until full repayment of the principal of the securities held by the UCITS.
[2] Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) Weighted average of the remaining terms until the next monetary rate review rather than the repayment of principal.

- The International Monetary Fund;
- The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development;
- The Council of Europe Development Bank;
- The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development;
- The Bank for International Settlements.

- Existence of rating criteria:
  The UCITS only invests in assets analysed by the management company as being of "high credit quality".

- Holding shares or units of other UCITS, AIFs or foreign investment funds:
  The UCITS may hold up to 10% of its net assets in shares or units of:
  - UCITS or AIFs classified as "standard money market" and "short-term money market" under French or European law.

  The UCIs may invest in funds managed directly or indirectly by Groupama Asset Management.
  External UCIs will be carefully reviewed for their management process, performance, risk, and any other qualitative and quantitative criteria to assess their short-, medium- and long-term quality.

- For each of the categories mentioned above:
  - Holding ranges:
    Debt securities and money market instruments: Up to 100% of net assets.
    Securitisations and Asset Backed Commercial Paper (ABCP): within the limit of 20% of net assets;
    Shares or units of other UCITS or AIFs: Up to 10% of net assets.

Derivatives and securities embedding derivatives

The use of derivatives and securities embedding derivatives is permitted up to a maximum commitment of one time the net assets of the FCP, impacting both the portfolio's performance and risk. The strategy for using securities embedding derivatives is the same as that described for derivatives.

These instruments will hedge the portfolio against interest rate and currency risks.

The manager may use the derivatives described in the following table:

Risks the manager intends to address		Nature of intervention markets			Nature of interventions			
Equities		Regulated	Organised	Over-the-counter	Hedging	Exposure	Arbitrage	Other type
Rate	X							
Foreign exchange	X							
Credit								
Derivatives used								
Futures								
- Equities								
- Interest rates		X	X	X	X			
- Currencies								
Options								
- Equities								
- Interest rates								
- Foreign exchange								
Swaps								
- Equities								
- Interest rates		X	X	X	X			
- Inflation swaps								
- Foreign exchange								
- Total return swaps								
Forward foreign exchange								
- Forward foreign exchange		X	X	X	X			
Credit derivatives								
- Credit default swaps (single-entity or multi-entity reference)								
- Indices								
- Index options								
- Structured products on multiple issuers (CDO tranches, ITRAXX tranches, FTD, NTD, etc.)								
Other								
- Equity								
Securities embedding derivatives used								
Warrants								
- Equities								
- Interest rates								
- Foreign exchange								
- Credit								
Subscription warrants								
- Equities								
- Interest rates								
Other								
- EMTNs (structured)								
- Credit-linked notes (CLNs)								
- Convertible bonds								
- Contingent convertible bonds (Coco bonds)								
- Callable or puttable bonds		X	X	X				X*

* Bond with prepayment option.

- Counterparty selection criteria
  OTC counterparties (derivative instruments and efficient portfolio management techniques) are selected through a specific internal procedure. The main selection criteria include financial strength, expertise in the relevant operations, general contractual clauses and specific clauses on counterparty risk mitigation techniques.

Deposits:

Deposits made with a credit institution whose registered office is located in a Member State of the European Union or in a third country subject to equivalent prudential rules, with a maturity of less than 12 months, are used to remunerate cash and cash equivalents up to a maximum of 100% of net assets.

Cash borrowing:

The UCITS does not borrow cash. However, if, on an exceptional and temporary basis, the UCITS were to have recourse to the borrowing facility offered by its depositary to cover a possible debit balance arising independently of its control or following the exercise of redemption rights, the UCITS would make it a priority to rectify this situation, taking due account of the interests of unit holders.

Temporary acquisitions and sales of securities

- Nature of transactions:
  - Repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements as defined by the Monetary and Financial Code.

- Purpose of transactions:
  These transactions will be carried out mainly as part of the UCITS' cash management.
  Their main purpose will be to enable the portfolio to be adjusted in response to changes in outstanding amounts.

  - Types of assets subject to such transactions:
    - Negotiable debt securities (NDS)
    - Bonds.

- Planned and permitted levels of use:
  - Repurchase agreements:
    - Maximum usage: 10% of net assets,
    - Expected usage: Approximately 10% of net assets.

  - Reverse repurchase agreements:
    - Maximum usage: 10% of net assets,
    - Expected usage: Approximately 10% of net assets.

  - Criteria for selecting counterparties:
    These transactions will be concluded with credit institutions with a minimum “Investment Grade” rating, or deemed equivalent by the management company, based in an OECD member country.

Additional information is provided in the fees and commissions section regarding the conditions for remunerating temporary purchases and sales of securities.

The UCITS, using derivatives and securities embedding derivatives and potentially resorting to temporary acquisition and disposal of securities transactions, will have a total portfolio exposure not exceeding 200% of its net assets.

Information relating to financial collateral for the UCITS

The GROUPAMA TRESORERIE UCITS complies with the rules for the investment of financial guarantees applicable to UCITS and does not apply any specific criteria over and above these rules.

As part of temporary acquisitions and disposals of securities and OTC derivatives transactions, it may receive securities (such as corporate bonds and/or government securities) or cash. The financial guarantees received and their diversification will comply with the UCITS investment constraints.

Only cash collateral received will be reused: it will be reinvested in accordance with the rules applicable to UCITS.

All such assets received as collateral must be issued by high-quality, liquid, low-volatility, and diversified issuers that are not part of the counterparty’s entity or group.

These assets received as collateral will be held by the UCITS’ depositary in specific accounts. Margin calls will be managed on a daily basis.

Haircuts applied to received collateral take into account credit quality, price volatility, and the results of stress testing conducted in line with regulatory requirements.

The level of financial collateral and the haircut policy are determined in accordance with current regulations.

Risk profile:

Capital loss risk:

There is a risk that the capital invested may not be fully returned, as the UCITS does not include any capital guarantee.

Interest rate risk:

Unit holders are exposed to interest rate risk. This risk arises from potential increases in bond market interest rates, which cause bond prices to fall and, consequently, reduce the UCITS’ net asset value.

Credit risk:

It represents the potential risk of deterioration in the quality of, or default by, the issuer of securities invested in the portfolio, may have a negative impact on the price of the security and could therefore lead to a fall in the net asset value of the UCITS.

Credit risk also exists in the context of temporary purchases and sales of securities if both the counterparty defaults and the issuer of the received collateral securities also defaults.

Credit risk exists but is minimised by the strength of our short-term management process.

Use of derivative financial instruments:

The use of derivatives may reduce (by reducing exposure) the volatility of the UCITS.

However, it is likely to remain relatively close to its benchmark, even if there are occasional divergences.

In the event of unfavourable market movements, the net asset value may decline.

Counterparty risk:

Counterparty risk exists and arises from temporary acquisitions and sales of securities. It measures the risk faced by an entity in relation to its obligations to the counterparty with which the contract linked to these transactions was concluded. This refers to the risk of a counterparty defaulting, leading to a failure to make payments, which could result in a decline in the net asset value of the UCITS. However, this risk is limited by financial guarantees.

Risks associated with securities financing transactions and collateral management:

The use of temporary purchases and sales of securities may increase or decrease the UCITS' net asset value.

Risks associated with these operations and collateral management include credit risk, counterparty risk and liquidity risk as defined above.

Operational or legal risks are minimal due to an appropriate operational process, the safekeeping of received collateral by the UCITS' depositary, and the framing of such operations within master agreements signed with each counterparty.

Furthermore, the risk of collateral reuse is minimal, as only cash collateral is reinvested, and this is in accordance with UCITS regulations.

Liquidity risk associated with securities financing transactions:

In the event of default by a counterparty to a securities financing transaction, this risk will apply to financial guarantees through the sale of the securities received and may result in a decline in the net asset value of the UCITS.

Sustainability risks:

Sustainability risk, introduced by EU Directive 2019/2088 (SFDR), is defined as any environmental, social or governance event or situation that, if it occurs, could significantly negatively impact the value of an investment.

The policy for managing sustainability risk is available on the Management Company's website (www.groupama-am.com).

Liquidity risk management policy

Liquidity risk management of the UCI is conducted through an analysis and monitoring system using internal tools and methodologies established at Groupama Asset Management.

This system is structured around two main axes:

- monitoring the liquidity profile of the portfolio, based on an assessment of the liquidity of assets in the light of current market conditions,
  monitoring the fund's ability to cope with significant redemption scenarios in current or deteriorating market conditions.

Guarantee or protection of the master UCITS:

N/A

Recommended minimum investment period of the master UCITS:

3 months.

As a reminder, the legal lock-up period for assets is 5 years for PEE plans and until retirement for PERCO plans and retirement savings plans, except in cases of early release provided for by the French Labour Code.

Guarantee or protection

N/A

Eligible subscribers and target investor profile:

E1C unit	Reserved for subscribers via company savings and retirement schemes
F2D unit	Reserved for feeder FCPEs managed by Groupama Asset Management or its subsidiaries and belonging to the Savings & Retirement ranges
IC unit:	Open to all subscribers
ID unit	Open to all subscribers
ZC unit	Reserved for Institutional Investors, including insurance companies marketing life insurance contracts
NC unit:	Open to all subscribers
PC unit	Open to all subscribers, especially institutional investors and large corporates
RC unit	Reserved for investors subscribing via distributors or intermediaries providing an advisory service within the meaning of European MiFID II regulations, individual portfolio management under mandate and when they are exclusively remunerated by their clients

The GROUPAMA TRÉSORERIE FCP is aimed at investors seeking an investment offering returns similar to those of the money market. This UCITS may be used in particular for short-term investments with a recommended minimum investment period of 3 months.

Investment diversification: diversifying your portfolio into different assets (money market, bonds, equities), in specific business sectors and in different geographical areas allows you to spread risk more evenly and optimise portfolio management by taking market trends into account.

Procedures for determining and allocating distributable sums

E1C unit	Capitalisation.
F2D unit	Distribution. Option to pay interim dividends. Possibility of full or partial carry-forward.
IC unit:	Capitalisation.
ID unit	Distribution. Option to pay interim dividends. Possibility of full or partial carry-forward.
ZC unit	Capitalisation.
NC unit:	Capitalisation.
PC unit	Capitalisation.
RC unit	Capitalisation.

Characteristics of units

	Original net asset value	Base currency	Fractioning
E1C unit	EUR 100	EUR	1,000th of a unit
F2D unit	EUR 100	EUR	10,000th of a unit
IC unit:	EUR 15,244.90	EUR	10,000th of a unit
ID unit	EUR 10,000	EUR	10,000th of a unit
NC unit:	EUR 100	EUR	1,000th of a unit
PC unit	EUR 100,000	EUR	1,000th of a unit
RC unit	EUR 500	EUR	1,000th of a unit
ZC unit	EUR 1,000	EUR	1,000th of a unit

Subscription and redemption procedures

	Minimum initial subscription amount:	Subscriptions	Redemptions (1)
E1C unit	**1,000th of a unit**	**In amounts or thousandths of a unit**	**In amounts or thousandths of a unit**
F2D unit	**€150,000**	**In amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit**	**In amounts and ten-thousandths of a unit**
IC unit:	1,000th of a unit	In amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit	In amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit
ID unit	1,000th of a unit	In amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit	In amounts or in ten-thousandths of a unit
ZC unit	1,000th of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit
NC unit:	1,000th of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit
PC unit	€100,000,000 (2)	In amounts or thousandths of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit
RC unit	1,000th of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit	In amounts or thousandths of a unit

(1) The full redemption of units will only be possible in quantity and not in amount.

(2) The minimum initial subscription amount does not apply to entities of the Groupama Assurances Mutuelles group.

Orders are executed according to the following schedule:

D	D	D	Business day (D)	D for E1C, F2D, IC, ID, NC, PC and RC units D+1 business day for ZC units	D for E1C, F2D, IC, ID, NC, PC and RC units D+1 business day for ZC units
Centralisation of subscription orders before 12:25 p.m. (3)	Centralisation of redemption orders before 12:25 p.m. (3)	Execution of the order no later than D	Publication of the net asset value	Subscription rules	Redemption rules

(3) Except for any specific delays agreed upon with your financial institution.

Subscription and redemption requests are centralised by CACEIS Bank and received every business day until 12:25 p.m.:

- At CACEIS Bank, on behalf of the clients for whom it holds custody accounts, for units to be registered or recorded in bearer or administered registered form,

- and with Groupama Asset Management for the units to be registered or registered in pure registered form from 11/07/2018.

They are carried out at the net asset value calculated on the basis of the previous day's prices (D-1) and available on D-1 (by 6.00 p.m. at the latest), with settlement on D on Euronext Paris for E1C, F2D, IC, ID, NC, PC and RC units, and settlement on D+1 on Euronext Paris for ZC units.

The net asset value of the UCITS on which subscription and redemption orders will be executed may be recalculated between the time the orders are placed and their execution, in order to take into account any exceptional market events that may have occurred in the meantime.

Holders' attention is drawn to the fact that orders sent to promoters other than the institutions mentioned above must take account of the fact that the cut-off time for centralising orders applies to the said marketers vis-à-vis CACEIS Bank. As a result, these promoters may apply their own cut-off time, earlier than that mentioned above, in order to take account of their time for transmitting orders to CACEIS Bank.

The UCITS is valued on each trading day except on legal public holidays. The reference calendar is that of the Paris stock exchange.

The net asset value is published on the website www.groupama-am.com.

Swing pricing mechanism:

The Management Company has established a net asset value adjustment mechanism, known as "swing pricing", within the meaning of Article 34 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 on MMFs ("MMF Regulation"), Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2025/7643 of 17 November 2025 and ESMA's guidance on liquidity management tools ("Liquidity Management Tools"). This mechanism is intended to ensure fair treatment of investors by protecting remaining investors from the portfolio rebalancing costs resulting from significant subscriptions or redemptions.

1. Nature and Trigger Conditions

Unlike a mechanism that is applied systematically, the implementation of swing pricing is at the sole discretion of the Management Company. This mechanism is designed as a liquidity management tool, the activation of which is reserved exclusively for periods of exceptional stress in the financial markets or where the liquidity of the underlying assets is considered to have deteriorated significantly.

The Management Company shall determine whether to activate the mechanism based on its assessment of market conditions and the best interests of the unitholders. This discretionary approach allows for an agile and proportionate response to liquidity shocks affecting money market instruments.

The indicators that may be taken into account when deciding whether to activate the mechanism include, but are not limited to:

- a significant widening of bid-ask spreads on money market instruments held in the portfolio;
- a reduction in liquidity in the short-term money markets (certificates of deposit, commercial paper and negotiable debt securities);
- a level of net redemptions that could compromise the fund's compliance with the applicable regulatory liquidity ratios;
- exceptional market events affecting the money markets (interbank market tensions, a deterioration in banks' credit quality, or emergency intervention by central banks).

2. Adjustment Methodology

The swing pricing mechanism allows the net asset value of each unit class to be adjusted by applying a swing factor.

Swing factor

In accordance with Delegated Regulation (EU) 2025/7643, the swing factor must reflect the estimated transaction costs incurred by the fund. These costs include:

- Explicit transaction costs: brokerage fees, transaction taxes, settlement fees and other directly quantifiable and stable costs;
- If applicable, the implicit transaction costs: bid-ask range differences and significant market impact, estimated on a "best efforts" basis when these costs are appropriate given the fund's investment strategy.

The swing factor is calibrated using, as a starting point, the costs associated with transacting a pro rata slice of the portfolio's assets, unless this approach does not provide a reliable estimate of the actual liquidity costs. Given the liquid nature of money market instruments, the swing factor applied may not exceed 10 basis points (0.10%) of the net asset value.

Governance

The technical parameters, including the maximum swing factor and the activation thresholds, are determined by the Management Company. A dedicated committee meets quarterly, and exceptionally in the event of tensions in the money markets, to review these parameters and ensure that they remain appropriate in light of prevailing market conditions.

3. Operational Procedures

Where activated by the Management Company, the mechanism operates as follows:

In the event of significant net subscriptions: The net asset value is adjusted upwards through the application of the swing factor so that incoming investors bear the costs of acquiring money market instruments.

In the event of significant net redemptions: The net asset value is adjusted downwards through the application of the swing factor so that redeeming investors bear the costs of liquidating money market instruments.

Whether net subscription or redemption flows are considered significant is determined by the Management Company with reference to the fund's net assets and the prevailing liquidity conditions at the time the mechanism is activated.

4. Implications for the Investor and Risk Profile

The application of this mechanism does not give rise to any additional costs for the fund, but alters the allocation of transaction costs. Investors are informed that:

- The published net asset value may differ from the underlying performance of the portfolio of money market instruments.
- The mechanism may increase the volatility of the net asset value during periods in which it is applied.
- The mechanism is applied on a temporary basis and ceases to apply once the Management Company considers liquidity conditions in the money markets to have returned to satisfactory levels.

Fees and commissions

By way of remuneration, the Management Company may pay a proportion of the UCI's management fees to intermediaries such as investment firms, insurance companies, management companies, marketing intermediaries, distributors or distribution platforms with whom an agreement has been signed to distribute or place the UCI's units or make contact with other investors. This remuneration is variable and depends on the business relationship in place with the intermediary. This remuneration may be flat-rate or calculated on the basis of the net assets subscribed as a result of the intermediary's action. Each intermediary will provide the customer with all relevant information on costs, fees and remuneration, in accordance with the regulations applicable to the intermediary.

- Subscription and redemption fees

Subscription and redemption fees increase the subscription price paid by the investor or reduce the redemption price. Fees paid to the UCITS are used to offset the costs incurred by the UCITS in investing or disinvesting the assets entrusted to it. Unpaid fees revert to the management company, promoter, etc.

Category of units	Basis	Subscription fee not paid to the UCITS	Subscription fee paid to the UCITS	Redemption fee not paid to the UCITS	Redemption fee paid to the UCITS
E1C unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 3%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
F2D unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
IC unit:	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
ID unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
NC unit:	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
PC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None
RC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None
ZC unit	Net asset value x Number of units or shares	Maximum rate: 0.5%	None	Maximum rate: 4%	None

Exemptions: Subscription and redemption fees do not apply if the UCI invested in is managed by Groupama Asset Management and/or by an affiliated entity.

- Operating and management costs:

These fees include all fees charged directly to the UCITS, except for transaction expenses. Transaction costs include intermediary fees (e.g. brokerage fees, order reception and transmission, stock market taxes, etc.) and any transaction fee, as appropriate, which may be charged by the depositary.

The following operating and management fees may also be charged:

o outperformance fees. These remunerate the Management Company if the UCITS exceeds its targets. They are therefore charged to the UCITS;

For more information on the ongoing charges charged to the UCITS, refer to the “Fees” section of the Key Information Document (KID).

E1C unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.65% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

F2D unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.12% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

IC unit:

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.27% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

ID unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.27% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

NC unit:

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.55% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

PC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.27% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

RC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.22% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

ZC unit

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis	Rate scale
Financial management fees	Net assets excluding UCIs	Maximum rate: 0.17% incl. VAT
Operating costs and other services (fund registration and listing fees, depositary fees, auditing, taxation, costs related to compliance with regulatory obligations and regulatory reporting, operational costs, etc.)	Net assets	Rate: 0.03% incl. VAT
Maximum indirect costs (commissions and management fees)	Net assets	Immaterial
Transaction fee received by the depositary CACEIS Bank	Deduction from each transaction	Securities: None Foreign exchange transaction: €10 incl. of all taxes OTC product: from €10 to €150* inclusive of all taxes depending on complexity
Outperformance fee	Net assets	None

Operating costs and other services: as this is a flat rate, the actual operating costs and other services may exceed the maximum flat rate authorised. In this case, the management company will cover the excess.

Indirect costs: indicated if the percentage of UCIs held in the portfolio exceeds 20%, otherwise insignificant.

Any exceptional legal costs relating to recovery of the UCITS's receivables may be added to the fees shown above.
The portfolio management strategy may benefit from external research services paid for by the UCITS.
The contribution to the AMF will also be paid by the UCITS.

The income from temporary purchases and sales of securities accrues to the UCITS.
The fees, costs and expenses for these transactions are invoiced by the custodian and paid by the UCITS.

- Description of the procedure for selecting intermediaries:

Managers have a list of authorised brokers. A semi-annual "broker committee" reviews the feedback provided by managers and all stakeholders in the value chain (analysts, middle office, etc.) and may propose the justified inclusion of new intermediaries or the exclusion of certain ones.
Each member notes one or more of the following criteria according to their area of expertise:

- Quality of order execution prices,
- Liquidity offered,
- Sustainability of the intermediary,
- Quality of analysis.

- Tax system:

Notice: Depending on your tax regime, any capital gains and income from holding units in the UCITS may be subject to tax.
We recommend that you contact your local council for further information.
Switching from one unit category to another is treated as a sale that may be subject to capital gains tax.

4. Business information

All information regarding the FCP can be obtained directly by contacting:

Groupama Asset Management
25 rue de la Ville l'Évêque - 75008 Paris - France
on the website: www.groupama-am.com

The net asset value of the UCITS is available on the website: www.groupama-am.com

The latest annual and interim documents are available on request from:

Groupama Asset Management
25 rue de la Ville l'Évêque - 75008 Paris – France

Subscription and redemption requests are centralised at:

CACEIS Bank
89-91 rue Gabriel Péri - 92120 Montrouge – France

Information on environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria:

Additional information on how ESG criteria are taken into account by the Management Company is available in the annual report of the UCITS and on the website of Groupama Asset Management www.groupama-am.com.

5. Investment rules

The UCITS complies with the regulatory ratios applicable to UCITS, as defined by the French Monetary and Financial Code and those of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017.

6. Overall risk

The global risk of this UCITS is determined using the commitment calculation method.

7. Rules for asset valuation and accounting

The UCITS has complied with the accounting rules set forth in the current regulations and, in particular, with the UCITS's chart of accounts.

The reference accounting currency is the euro.

The net asset value of the UCITS on a given day is calculated on the basis of the previous day's prices. In the event of exceptional market conditions, it may be recalculated to ensure that there is no market timing.

7.1 Valuation methods

Securities traded on a regulated French or foreign market, including ETFs:

- French and European securities and foreign securities traded on the Paris Stock Exchange: Last quoted price on the valuation day.

For rate products, the Management Company reserves the right to use contributed prices when they are more representative of the trading value.

Securities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into euro equivalents at the exchange rate prevailing in Paris on the valuation date.

Securities that did not have a price recorded on the valuation day are valued at the last officially published price. Securities whose price has been corrected are valued at their probable trading value under the responsibility of the AIF manager or the Management Company.

UCI securities and shares

Units or shares in UCIs are valued at the last known net asset value.

Negotiable debt securities (NDS)

The negotiable debt securities (short-term and medium-term, corporate bonds, bonds of specialised financial institutions) are valued according to the following rules:

- Based on market transaction prices;
- in the absence of a significant market price, by applying an actuarial method, the reference rate being that of issues of equivalent securities plus, where applicable, a margin representative of the intrinsic characteristics of the issuer of the security.

Futures and options

- Futures contracts on derivative markets are valued at the previous day's settlement price.
- Options on derivative markets are valued at the previous day's closing price.

Over-the-counter transactions

Transactions concluded on an over-the-counter market, authorised by the regulations applicable to UCIs, are valued at their market value.

Temporary sales and purchases of securities

- Temporary acquisitions of securities
  Securities received under repurchase agreements or securities borrowed are recorded in the long portfolio under “Receivables on securities received under repurchase agreements or securities borrowed” for the amount stipulated in the contract plus interest receivable.
- Temporary sales of securities
  Securities sold under repurchase agreements or loaned securities are recorded in the long portfolio and valued at their current value.
  Liabilities arising from securities sold under repurchase agreements and loaned securities are recorded in the short portfolio at the contract value plus accrued interest. At the end, the interest received or paid is recorded as income from receivables.
- Financial collateral and margin calls
  The financial collateral received is marked-to-market.
  Daily variation margins are calculated as the difference between the mark-to-market valuation of collateral pledged and the mark-to-market valuation of collateralised instruments.

In general, financial instruments whose price has not been recorded on the valuation day or whose price has been corrected are valued at their probable trading value under the responsibility of the SICAV’s Board of Directors or the Management Board or, for a mutual fund, the Management Company. These valuations and their justification are communicated to the Statutory Auditor during their audits.

7.2 Off-balance sheet commitment valuation methods

- For futures contracts at nominal x quantity x settlement price x (currency)
- For conditional futures contracts in underlying equivalent.
- For swaps:
  - Interest rate swaps, whether backed or unbacked
    Commitment = nominal + valuation of the fixed-rate leg (if fixed rate/variable rate) or variable-rate leg (if variable rate/fixed rate) at market price.
  - Other swaps
    Commitment = nominal + market value (when the UCI has adopted the synthetic valuation method).

7.3 Method used for recognising income from fixed-income securities

Accrued coupon method.

7.4 Expense accounting method

Transactions are recorded excluding expenses.

8. Remuneration

Details of the updated remuneration policy are available on the Groupama Asset Management website at www.groupama-am.com.

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